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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/813,242	03/30/2004	Roger G. Sellers	CH-30684 (710240-576)	4836	
	7590 04/27/201 VRIGHT PLLC	EXAMINER			
38525 WOODV	WARD AVENUE	AMIRI, NAHID			
SUITE 2000 BLOOMFIELD	HILLS, MI 48304-29	70	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3679		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/27/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/813,2	42	SELLERS ET AL.				
		Examine	•	Art Unit				
		NAHID A	****	3679				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicat or Reply	ion appears on th	e cover sheet with the d	correspondence ac	idress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF THE CFR 1.136(a). In no exact ation.  Ty period will apply and we by statute, cause the apply the control of the apply and we have the apply and we have the apply at a possible to the apply and we have apply and we have apply at a possible to the apply	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin till expire SIX (6) MONTHS from slication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n <i>07 April 2010</i> .						
•	_	This action is r	non-final.					
<i>'</i> —	, <del>_</del>							
<i>/</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) 🖂	Claim(s) <u>1,3-8,10 and 11</u> is/are pending	in the application	1.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, 3-8, 10 and 11</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election r	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
	· The specification is objected to by the Ex	vaminer						
-	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		□ objected to by the I	Evaminer				
ا (۱۰	Applicant may not request that any objection							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	÷ , ,		, ,	FR 1 121(d)			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	•		•	, ,			
	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for t	foreign priority un	der 35 II S C & 110/a	\-(d) or (f)				
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	loreign prionty un	der 55 0.0.0. g 115(a)	)-(u) or (i).				
۵/۱		cuments have bee	en received					
	<ul><li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li><li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li></ul>							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
_	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	atent Application					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed 04/07/2010 in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/07/2010 has been entered. The application is not in condition for allowance in view of the new grounds of rejection set forth below. Claims 2 and 9 are canceled. Claims 1, 3-8, and 10-12 are pending.

Claim 12 stands withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 13 December 2005.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-6 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent No. 6,042,293 Maughan in view of US Patent No. 5,112,153 Gunn et al. and US Patent No., 2,635,906 Graham et al.

With respect to claims 1, 3 and 4, Maughan discloses a joint assembly (20, Figs. 1, 4) including a metal housing (30) having a side wall (34) which defines a central bore having a closed end via a washer (88) and an open end, the metal housing having an axial lubrication port (90) in the closed end (88) of the central bore; a metal lower bearing (24, shown with a metal cross-hatching) disposed within the central bore adjacent the closed end, the metal lower bearing

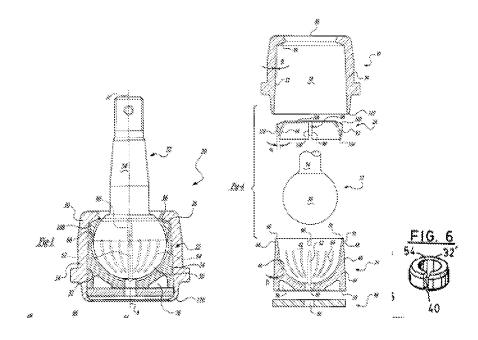
(24) including a lubrication slot (60) disposed on an inner bearing surface, the lubrication slot (60) being generally axially aligned with the central lubrication port (90) in the metal housing (30) to provide a common lubrication passageway; a metal moveable member (52) having a head end portion (50) disposed in the central bore and a shank portion (54) extending from the head end portion (50), the head end portion (50) engaging the central bore of the metal housing (30), the shank portion (54) being at least partially disposed outside of the central bore; a one-piece annular metal upper bearing (26) disposed about the movable member (52) within the central bore, the annular metal upper bearing (26) having an inner surface engaging the head end portion (50) in direct metal-to-metal sliding contact, and outer surface directly engaging the side wall (34), and wherein the annular metal upper bearing (26) is configured to engage the side wall (34) and the head end portion (50) simultaneously.

Maughan fails to disclose that the metal upper bearing is split from the inner surface to the outer surface and surface establishing two opposing free ends and thereby providing a degree of circumferential flexibility to said annular metal upper bearing; an annular cover plate disposed about the movable member and secured within the central bore; and a spring member compressed between the annular cover plate and an upper surface of the annular upper bearing; the annular cover plate and spring member are composed of metal, and wherein the spring member exerts an axial preload force on an annular metal upper bearing with toward the closed end of the central bore, and a head end portion simultaneously.

Gunn et al. teach (Fig. 6, abstract, lines 17-19) the principal of a one piece metal bearing (32') with a split segment extending from the inner surface to the outer surface and surface establishing two opposing free ends (positioned at a single slot 40 cut in longitudinal direction) which capable of providing a degree of circumferential flexibility to said annular metal upper bearing. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to provide the upper bearing of Maughan with a split segment as taught by Gunn et al. in order to provide for compression of the bearing, enabling the bearing to compressively embrace the ball head within the housing (column 3, lines 48-51).

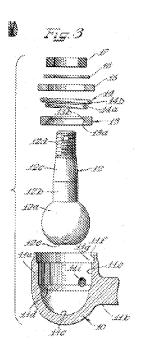
Graham et al. teach a ball joint (Fig. 2) that includes an annular cover plate (15) disposed about the movable member (12) and secured within the central bore; a spring member (14)

compressed between the annular cover plate (15) and an upper surface of the annular upper bearing (13); the annular cover plate (15) and spring member (14) are composed of metal, and wherein the spring member (14) exerts an axial preload force on the annular metal upper bearing (13) toward the closed end of the central bore, and the head end portion (12a) simultaneously. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to provide the ball socket joint of Maughan with a metal cover plate and a metal spring as taught by Graham et al. in order to securely retain the bearing wall of the bearing ring against the ball end of the stud.



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With respect to claim 5, Maughan in view of Gunn et al. and Graham et al, as modified above, would result in the annular metal upper bearing (26) being axially displaceable within the central bore.

With respect to claim 6, Maughan discloses (Fig. 1) that the metal lower bearing (24) is retained with the central bore by an interference fit.

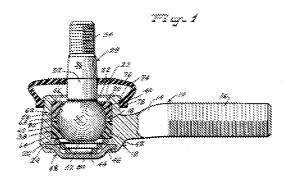
With respect to claim 10, Maughan fails to disclose that the housing includes a deformable annular region adjacent the open end of the central bore, the deformable annular region adapted for radially inward deformation to secure the annular cover plate within the central bore.

Graham et al. disclose (Fig. 1) the housing (11) includes a deformable annular region (11j) adjacent the open end of the central bore, the deformable annular region adapted for radially inward deformation to secure the annular cover plate (15) within the central bore. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to provide the ball joint of Maughan with a cover plate having a deformable annular region adjacent the open end of the central bore as taught by Graham et al. in order to secure the cover plate within the housing.

Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Maughan in view of Gunn et al. and Graham et al. as applied to claims 1, 3-6, and 10 above, and further in view of US Patent No. 3,128,110 Herbenar.

With respect to claim 7, Maughan in view of Gunn et al. and Graham et al. fail to disclose that the dust boot restrictor disposed about the shank portion.

Herbenar teaches a ball joint (Fig. 1) having a dust boot (74). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to provide the ball joint of Maughan with a dust boot as taught by Herbenar in order to order to seal the open upper end of the housing.



With respect to claim 8, Maughan in view of Gunn et al. and Graham et al. fail to disclose a flexible dust cover coupled between the housing and the shank portion of the movable member.

Herbenar teaches (Fig. 1) a flexible dust cover (74) coupled between the housing (12) and the shank portion (32) of the movable member (28). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to provide the joint of Maughan with a dust cover as taught by Herbenar in order to seal the open upper end of the housing.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Maughan, Gunn et al. and Graham et al. as applied to claims 1, 3-6, and 10 above, and further in view of US Patent No. 5,116,159 Kern, Jr. et al.

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With respect to claim 11, Maughan in view of Gunn et al. and Graham et al. fail to disclose that the annular cover plate includes a chamfered inner surface to restrict articulation of the movable member.

Kern Jr. et al. teach (Fig, 4, column 3, lines 55-57) that the edge of the annular edge (50) of the bearing (14) is a chamfered edge (54) to facilitate extrusion of the plastic upon the forming of the joint during preload. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to provide the inner surface of the annular cover plate of Maughan with a chamfered edge as taught by Kern, Jr. et al. in order facilitating extrusion of the plastic upon the forming of the joint during preload and to provide a greater extrusion capacity for any given set of dimensional tolerances.

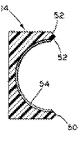


FIG. 4

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed April 7, 2010, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to claim 1, Applicant argues that Gunn et al. never suggests or implies that the metallic material could be used for the one-piece bearing part 32'. Further, Applicant argues that the bearing 32' is one piece and is made from plastic which can be assembled onto the ball head. Furthermore, Applicant argues that the bearing 32' of Gunn et al. is neither an "upper" bearing with the meaning ascribe in Applicant's claims. This is not persuasive.

Gunn et al. clearly teach/suggest a one-piece bearing (abstract, line 17-19) with a slit as is clearly evidenced by Fig. 6. Further, as clearly stated in the abstract at lines 17-19, the one-piece bearing can be made from metal bearing material or a plastic bearing material. There is nothing

in Gunn et al that indicates that when the bearing is one piece it must be a plastic material and when the bearing is metal it must be two pieces. Accordingly, Applicant's argument is not persuasive.

#### Conclusion

This is a continuation of applicant's earlier Application No. 10/813,242. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nahid Amiri whose telephone number is (571) 272-8113. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 8:00-6:30. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on (571) 272-7087. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

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applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nahid Amiri Examiner Art Unit 3679 April 21, 2010

/Daniel P. Stodola/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3679